

What is claimed is:

1. A method for querying stored multimedia data in a computer system, comprising:
 - 5 receiving into an intermediate level a high-level concept from a user describing data to be retrieved;
 - translating, in said intermediate level, said high-level concept into low-level queries by using system pre-defined high-level concepts; and
 - transferring said low-level queries to a low level comprising one or more 10 search engines; said one or more search engines performing a query of the stored multimedia information using said low-level queries.
2. The method of claim 1 wherein said intermediate level comprises:
 - 15 a set of library modules, said set of library modules comprising:
 - a concept library module for storing concepts;
 - one or more library modules adapted to store said data from said one or 20 more data sources;
 - a cataloger module adapted to construct a new concept from said high-level concept using data from said concept library and library modules, thereby creating a concept construct, and to pass said concept construct to said concept library module for storage as a concept; and

an interpreter module adapted to translate said high-level concept into low-level queries using said concepts stored in said construct library and to pass said low-level queries to said one or more search engines.

5 3. The method of claim 2 wherein said set of library modules further comprises at least one library module selected from the group comprising:
 a feature library module adapted to store multimedia features;
 a matching algorithm library module adapted to store matching algorithms; and
10 a constraint library module adapted to store feature constraints.

15 4. The method of claim 3 wherein each said library module further comprises an application program interface to receive said data from a said data source.

20 5. The method of claim 3 wherein said cataloger module further performs the steps of:
 selecting a set of concept features from said feature library module;
 selecting a set of concepts from said concept library module for use as child-concepts; and
 selecting a set of constraints on said child concepts from said constraint library module.

6. The method of claim 1 wherein said each said concept comprises a triplet of a set of child-concepts, a set of features, and a set of relationships.

7. The method of claim 6 wherein said concepts comprise a hierarchical fuzzy graph data tree-structure comprising nodes, aggregation edges, and association edges and wherein:

 said nodes correspond to said concepts and said features;

 said aggregation edges correspond to parent-child relationships; and

 said association edges correspond to said constraints.

10 8. The method of claim 7 wherein said edges are weighted.

9. The method of claim 3 further comprising a matching algorithm comprising GetNextMatch(), AssignNextMatch(), and ShiftNextMatch() procedures, wherein:

 said GetNextMatch() procedure comprises the steps:

 testqueue: if *queue*.Empty();

 return *NULL*;

head --> *queue*.Pop();

 if *head*.Complete();

 return *head*;

head2 --> *head*.Copy();

head2.AssignNextMatch();

if *head2*.Valid();
queue.Push(*head2*);
head.ShiftNextMatch();
queue.Push(*head*);
5 Goto testqueue;

said AssignNextMatch() procedure comprises the steps:

child --> GetNextUnassigned();

child.match_ptr++;

if (*child.match_ptr* == *NULL*), then;

10 *child.match_ptr* --> *child*.GetNextMatch();

Make *child* an assigned node;

said ShiftNextMatch() procedure comprises the steps:

Child --> GetNextUnassigned();

child.match_ptr++;

15 if (*child.match_ptr* == *NULL*), then;

 child.match_ptr --> *child*.GetNextMatch();

wherein variables *head*, *head2*, and *child*, all correspond to concept nodes;

variable *queue* denotes a priority queue of the corresponding concept node; and
match_ptr is a pointer to the next possible match for a given concept node; Pop() is a
20 method to get the next node off the priority queue; Push() is a method to put a node on
the priority queue; Empty() is a method to check if the priority queue is empty; Copy() is
a method to copy a node; Complete() is a method to check if the children assignment is

complete; Valid() is a method to check if the children assignment meets the constraints; and GetNextUnassigned() is a method to select a variable that is unassigned.

10. A matching algorithm comprising GetNextMatch(), AssignNextMatch(),
5 and ShiftNextMatch() procedures, wherein:

said GetNextMatch() procedure comprises the steps:

```
testqueue:    if queue.Empty();  
              return NULL;
```

```
head --> queue.Pop();
```

```
10      if head.Complete();
```

```
              return head;
```

```
head2 --> head.Copy();
```

```
head2.AssignNextMatch();
```

```
15      if head2.Valid();
```

```
queue.Push(head2);
```

```
head.ShiftNextMatch();
```

```
queue.Push(head);
```

```
Goto testqueue;
```

said AssignNextMatch() procedure comprises the steps:

```
20      child --> GetNextUnassigned();
```

```
child.match_ptr++;
```

```
      if (child.match_ptr == NULL), then;
```

```
child.match_ptr --> child.GetNextMatch();
```

Make *child* an assigned node;

said ShiftNextMatch() procedure comprises the steps:

Child --> GetNextUnassigned();

child.match_ptr++;

5 if (*child.match_ptr* == *NULL*), then;

child.match_ptr --> *child.GetNextMatch()*;

wherein variables *head*, *head2*, and *child*, all correspond to concept nodes;

variable *queue* denotes a priority queue of the corresponding concept node; and

match_ptr is a pointer to the next possible match for a given concept node; Pop() is a

10 method to get the next node off the priority queue; Push() is a method to put a node on

the priority queue; Empty() is a method to check if the priority queue is empty; Copy() is

a method to copy a node; Complete() is a method to check if the children assignment is

complete; Valid() is a method to check if the children assignment meets the constraints;

and GetNextUnassigned() is a method to select a variable that is unassigned.

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11. A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for querying stored multimedia data, said method steps comprising:

receiving into an intermediate level a high-level concept from a user

20 describing data to be retrieved;

translating, in said intermediate level, said high-level concept into low-level queries by using system pre-defined high-level concepts;

transferring said low-level queries to a low level comprising one or more search engines; said one or more search engines performing a query of the stored multimedia information using said low-level queries.

5 12. The apparatus of claim 11 wherein said intermediate level comprises:
a set of library modules, said set of library modules comprising:
a concept library module for storing concepts; and
one or more library modules adapted to store said data from said one or
more data sources;

10 a cataloger module adapted to construct a new concept from said
high-level concept using data from said concept library and library modules, thereby
creating a concept construct, and to pass said concept construct to said concept library
module for storage as a concept; and
an interpreter module adapted to translate said high-level concept into
15 low-level queries using said concepts stored in said construct library and to pass said
low-level queries to said one or more search engines.

20 13. The apparatus of claim 12 wherein said set of library modules further
comprises at least one library module selected from the group comprising:
a feature library module adapted to store multimedia features;
a matching algorithm library module adapted to store matching
algorithms; and
a constraint library module adapted to store feature constraints.

14. The apparatus of claim 13 wherein each said library module further comprises an application program interface to receive said data from a said data source.

15. The apparatus of claim 13 wherein said cataloger module further performs
5 the steps of:

selecting a set of concept features from said feature library module;

selecting a set of concepts from said concept library module for use as
child-concepts; and

selecting a set of constraints on said child concepts from said constraint
10 library module.

16. The apparatus of claim 11 wherein each said concept comprises a triplet of a set of child-concepts, a set of features, and a set of relationships.

15 17. The apparatus of claim 16 wherein said concepts comprise a hierarchical
fuzzy graph data tree-structure comprising nodes, aggregation edges, and association
edges and wherein:

20 said nodes correspond to said concepts and said features;

25 said aggregation edges correspond to parent-child relationships; and

20 said association edges correspond to said constraints.

18. The apparatus of claim 17 wherein said edges are weighted.

19. The apparatus of claim 13 further comprising a matching algorithm comprising GetNextMatch(), AssignNextMatch(), and ShiftNextMatch() procedures, wherein:

said GetNextMatch() procedure comprises the steps:

```
5      testqueue:  if queue.Empty();  
          return NULL;  
          head --> queue.Pop();  
          if head.Complete();  
          return head;  
10     head2 --> head.Copy();  
          head2.AssignNextMatch();  
          if head2.Valid();  
          queue.Push(head2);  
          head.ShiftNextMatch();  
15     queue.Push(head);  
      Goto testqueue;
```

said AssignNextMatch() procedure comprises the steps:

```
      child --> GetNextUnassigned();  
      child.match_ptr++;  
20      if (child.match_ptr == NULL), then;
```

```
      child.match_ptr --> child.GetNextMatch();
```

Make *child* an assigned node;

said ShiftNextMatch() procedure comprises the steps:

```
Child --> GetNextUnassigned();  
child.match_ptr++;  
if (child.match_ptr == NULL), then;  
    child.match_ptr --> child.GetNextMatch();  
5      wherein variables head, head2, and child, all correspond to concept nodes;  
variable queue denotes a priority queue of the corresponding concept node; and  
10     match_ptr is a pointer to the next possible match for a given concept node; Pop() is a  
method to get the next node off the priority queue; Push() is a method to put a node on  
the priority queue; Empty() is a method to check if the priority queue is empty; Copy() is  
a method to copy a node; Complete() is a method to check if the children assignment is  
complete; Valid() is a method to check if the children assignment meets the constraints;  
and GetNextUnassigned() is a method to select a variable that is unassigned.
```